

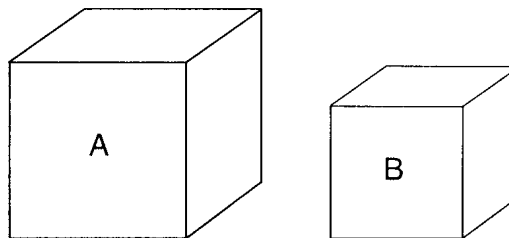
- Which action can be performed most accurately using only the human senses?
  - tearing a sheet of paper into squares whose sides measure 1 centimeter
  - adding 10 grams of salt to a cup of water
  - measuring the air pressure of a room
  - counting 28 shells from a beach
- Using a ruler to measure the length of a stick is an example of
  - extending the sense of sight by using an instrument
  - calculating the percent of error by using a proportion
  - measuring the rate of change of the stick by making inferences
  - predicting the length of the stick by guessing
- A student examined a patch of mud and recorded several statements about footprints in the mud. Which statement is most likely an inference?
  - There are five footprints in the mud.
  - The depth of the deepest footprint is 3 centimeters.
  - The footprints were made by a dog.
  - The footprints are oriented in an east-west direction.
- Which statement about a rock sample is most likely an inference?
  - The rock has flat sides and sharp corners.
  - The rock is made of small, dark-colored crystals.
  - The rock has thin, distinct layers.
  - The rock has changed color due to weathering.
- Which statement best illustrates a classification system?
  - A glacier melts at the rate of one meter per year.
  - Ocean depths are measured by using sonar.
  - Snowfall predictions for winter storms vary.
  - Stars are grouped according to their color.
- Base your answer to the following question on The data table below shows the mass and volume of four different minerals.

Mineral Sample	A	B	C	D
Mass	50 g	60 g	55 g	40 g
Volume	20 mL	15 mL	10 mL	5 mL

Which mineral has the greatest density?

- A) *A*      B) *B*      C) *C*      D) *D*

- Base your answer to the following question on the diagrams below, which represent two different solid, uniform materials cut into cubes *A* and *B*.



Mass of *A* = 320 g      Density of *B* = 3 g/cm<sup>3</sup>  
 Volume of *A* = 64 cm<sup>3</sup>      Volume of *B* = 27 cm<sup>3</sup>

(Not drawn to scale)

What is the density of cube *A*?

- 0.2 g/cm<sup>3</sup>
  - 5.0 g/cm<sup>3</sup>
  - 12.8 g/cm<sup>3</sup>
  - 64.0 g/cm<sup>3</sup>
- A rock sample has a mass of 16 grams and a volume of 8 cubic centimeters. When the rock is cut in half, what is the volume and density of each piece?
    - 8 cm<sup>3</sup> and 0.5 g/cm<sup>3</sup>
    - 8 cm<sup>3</sup> and 1.0 g/cm<sup>3</sup>
    - 4 cm<sup>3</sup> and 2.0 g/cm<sup>3</sup>
    - 4 cm<sup>3</sup> and 4.0 g/cm<sup>3</sup>